Proposition de recherche doctorale

Environnement de développement d'applications pour l'Internet des objets/
Enabling High-Level Application Development for the Internet of Things

Mots clés :
- Directeur de thèse : valérie ISSARNY
- Co-encadrant(s) :
- Unité de recherche : INRIA-Paris
- École doctorale : École Doctorale Informatique, Télécommunications, Électronique de Paris
- Domaine scientifique principal: Divers

Résumé du projet de recherche (Langue 1)

Application development in the Internet of Things (IoT) is challenging because it involves dealing with a wide range of related issues such as lack of separation of concerns, and lack of high-level of abstractions to address both the large scale and heterogeneity. Moreover, stakeholders involved in the application development process have to address issues that can be attributed to different life-cycles stages when developing applications. First, the application logic has to be analyzed and then separated into a set of distributed tasks for an underlying network. Then, the tasks have to be implemented for the specific hardware. Apart from handling these issues, they have to deal with other aspects of life-cycle such as changes in application requirements and deployed devices. Several approaches have been proposed in the closely related fields of wireless sensor network, ubiquitous and pervasive computing, and software engineering in general to address the above challenges. However, existing approaches only cover limited subsets of the above mentioned challenges when applied to IoT. This thesis proposes an integrated approach for addressing the above mentioned challenges. The main contributions of this thesis are: (1) a development methodology that separates the IoT application development into different concerns and provides a conceptual framework to develop an application, (2) a development framework that implements the development methodology to support actions of stakeholders. The development framework provides a set of modeling languages to specify each development concern and abstracts the scale and heterogeneity related complexity. It integrates code generation, task-mapping, and linking techniques to provide automation. Code generation supports the application development phase by producing a programming framework that allows stakeholders to focus on the application logic, while our mapping and linking techniques together support the deployment phase by producing device-specific code to result in a distributed system collaboratively hosted by individual devices. Our evaluation based on two realistic scenarios shows that the use of our approach improves the productivity of stakeholders involved in the application development process.